An Empirical Study of the U.S. Fair Use Cases, 1978-2005 Coding Form

General Opinion Information

chronorder Number of opinion in chronological order

caption Caption of the opinion

cite Citation of the opinion

level Level of court writing the opinion (1=Supreme Court opinion, 2=circuit court opinion, 3=district

court opinion)

circ Circuit of the appellate court or district court (12=D.C., 13=Federal Circuit, 14=Supreme Court)

dist District court (numerical code roughly based on AO's)

distalpha Alphabetical abbreviation of district court

date Date opinion was filed

lname Last name of author of opinion

fname First name of author of opinion (and middle initial if given in the opinion)

publappeal Appellate case is (citable(1)/not citable(0))

posture Posture of FU issue

1 Preliminary injunction
2 Temporary restraining or

2 Temporary restraining order

3 SJ plaintiff4 SJ defendant5 SJ cross6 Bench trial7 Motion to dismiss

8 Motion for attorneys fees

87 JNOV 88 Jury trial 89 Unclear

dj Declaratory Judgment

1 Plaintiff in caption seeks declaratory judgment that its use is FU (Defendant in caption is then coded as

plaintiff in the data set and vice-versa)

0 P does not seek declaratory judgment that its use is FU

concdiss Opinion is a concurrence (1), dissent (2), or neither (0)

Copyright Specific Opinion Information

winfu Disposition of FU defense

- 1 Plaintiff wins (Court finds no FU)
- 2 Defendant wins (Court finds FU)
- 3 Mixed
- 4 Issue of fact

appeal

Fate of FU ruling on appeal (if district court opinion, then whether the district court was affirmed, reversed, etc.; if appellate court opinion, then whether appellate court affirmed, reversed etc.)

- 0 No appellate treatment of lower court's FU ruling
- 1 Affirmed
- 2 Reversed
- 3 Other

sct

Fate of Appellate Court's FU ruling on appeal to S Ct

- 0 No record of cert sought
- 1 Cert denied
- 2 Affirmed
- 3 Reversed
- 99 District court opinion

facts

Very brief summary of the facts of the case

Factor 1

f1

Court finds that the outcome of factor one favors:

- 1 Plaintiff
- 2 Defendant
- 3 Neutral
- 4 Court finds fact issue
- 5 Court finds that factor is not relevant
- 6 Court's finding is unclear
- 0 Not addressed

f1comm

Court characterizes D's use as commercial/non-commercial:

- 0 Court does not address commerciality
- 1 Court characterizes D's use as commercial
- 2 Court characterizes D's use as non-commercial
- 3 Court's characterization is unclear
- 4 Court characterizes commerciality as "neutral"

f1min

Court minimizes the importance of the commerciality inquiry (1/0)

f1pres

Court acknowledges the Harper & Row presumption that commercial uses are not FU

- 0 No
- 1 Yes
- 2 Court acknowledges the Acuff-Rose retreat from the Harper & Row presumption

f1t

Court explicitly finds that D's use (is / is not) "transformative" of and/or a "productive use" of P's work

- 0 Court does not address
- 1 Court finds that D's use is transformative
- 2 Court finds that D's use is not transformative
- 3 Court minimizes the importance of the transformativeness inquiry
- 4 Court addresses, but analysis is unclear
- 5 Court finds the issue to be a fact issue

f1par

Court characterizes D's use as:

0 Court does not address issue

1 Parody

2 Satire

3 Not parody

4 Neither

fleduc Court characterizes D's use as having an educational purpose (1/0)

f1res Court characterizes D's use as having a research purpose (1/0)

florit Court characterizes D's use as criticism or comment (1/0)

f1manner Manner in which D obtained P's work

1 Supports P

2 Supports D

0 Not addressed

flpream Court identifies D's use as mentioned / not mentioned in the preamble

0 Court not address whether D's use is mentioned in preamble

- 1 Court finds that D's use is mentioned in preamble, supports FU
- 2 Court finds that D's use is not mentioned in preamble, disfavors FU

Factor 2

f2 Court finds that F2 favors:

0 Not addressed/not argued

1 Favors plaintiff

2 Favors defendant

3 Neutral

4 Fact issue

5 Not relevant

6 Unclear

f2nat Court finds that P's work is:

0 Not addressed

1 Primarily creative

2 Primarily factual

3 Compilation

4 Unclear

5 Both creative and factual

6 A "computer program"

f2pub Court finds that P's work is published / unpublished:

0 Not addressed

1 P's work is unpublished and this supports a finding of no FU

2 P's work is published and this supports a finding of FU

3 P's work is published and this supports no FU (because can purchase)

4 P's work is unpublished and this supports FU (because not available otherwise)

5 Unclear

6 P's work is unpublished but this is not important to the FU analysis

7 P's work is published but this is not important to the FU analysis

Factor 3

f3 Court finds that F3 favors:

0 Not addressed

1 Favors plaintiff 2 Favors defendant 3 Neutral 4 Fact issue 5 Not relevant 6 Unclear The work to which the court refers in determining the amount and substantiality of the taking 1 P's work 2 Both P and D's work 3 D's work 4 Unclear 0 Not addressed f3amount Court finds that D copied entirety of P's work? 1 Yes, Court finds that D copied "entire" work 0 Court does not address / Court finds that D did not copy "entire" work 3 Unclear f3heart Court finds that D copied the "heart" of P's work 0 Not Addressed 1 Yes 2 No 3 Unclear f3work Court acknowledges ambiguity over scope of "work" 1 Yes 0 No Factor 4 **Court finds that f4 favors:** 0 Not addressed / not argued 1 Favors plaintiff 2 Favors defendant 3 Neutral 4 Fact issue 5 Not relevant 6 Unclear f4commpres Court explicitly acknowledges the presumption that a commercial use will lead to market harm: 0 Court does not acknowledge presumption 1 Court explicitly acknowledges presumption and finds that favors P 2 Court explicitly acknowledges presumption and finds that favors P but finds that nevertheless favors D

Court explicitly acknowledges the presumption that a nontransformative use will lead to market

Court explicitly relies on the doctrine that if D's use should become widespread...:

3 Court explicitly rejects presumption

1 Court explicitly acknowledges presumption 0 Court does not acknowledge presumption

harm:

1 Yes, supports P

f3ref

f4

f4tpresum

f4slip

0 Court does not explicitly rely on this doctrine

2 Yes, supports D

3 Yes, unclear whom it supports

f4sub Court explicitly acknowledges the doctrine of supercession/market substitution (from F1):

1 Court acknowledges and finds that favors P

2 Court acknowledges and finds that favors D

0 Court does not acknowledge

f4crit Court acknowledges the doctrine that there is no derivative right in criticism of the P's work

1 Court acknowledges

0 Court does not acknowledge

frimport C's explicit statement as to the importance of F4:

0 Not addressed

- 1 States most important factor
- 2 States not most important
- 3 States that is not sure
- 4 C's treatment of the importance of F4 not clear

Other Factors

fother Court explicitly considers other factors

0 No

- 1 Yes, and the factor is considered relevant
- 2 Yes, but the factor is considered irrelevant
- 3 Yes, and one additional factor is accepted, another rejected

General FU Analysis Information

leghist Does Court refer to the legislative history of the Copyright Act?

1 Yes, Court directly refers to the legislative history

 $0 \, \mathrm{No}$

2 Court does not directly refer to the legislative history, but cites to a case which does, and the Court notes parenthetically that the cited case is referring to the legislative historytab

bfaithfactor Does the Court address good/bad faith anywhere in the FU analysis?

1 Yes, under F1

2 Yes, under F2

3 Yes, under F3

4 Yes, under F4

5 Yes, as a separate factor

6 Yes, under F1 and again as a separate factor

 $0 \, \text{No}$

bfaithoutcome Good/bad faith supports:

- 1 Supports P (no FU)
- 2 Supports D (FU)
- 3 FI
- 4 Not relevant
- 5 Unclear

val Does Court tend explicitly to state "This factor favors..." (The analysis of at least three factors must

adopt this rhetoric):

1 Yes 0 No

2 No, but valences are obvious

rev At the conclusion of its analysis, does the Court review the valences of the factors, however briefly, in

stating its overall finding? (1/0)

f1count-fucount Word count of analysis of each factor and overall analysis

circ#ref Number of references in the fair use analysis to the cicuit's case law